

XML BASICS

WHAT IS XML? AND, WHY DOES IT MATTER?

XML stands for Extensible Markup Language. XML is used for a variety of purposes and exists for a variety of reasons. First, unlike other markup languages, XML is easy to read by both humans and machines. Second, XML is used for creating a base for many office productivity and documentation programs. Third, XML is very easy to write.

XML typically begins with a prolog, which appears at the top of every XML document.

Example:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
```

XML like HTML uses start tags and end tags.

Example: (start tag)

```
<tag>
```

Example: (end tag signified by the forward slash before the word/term)

```
</tag>
```

XML must contain one root element which is the parent of all "child" elements.

Example:

```
<root>
```

```
<child></child>
```

```
<subchild></subchild>
```

```
</root>
```

Note: XML tags are case sensitive and must be properly nested (using the TAB function, like the example above).